



राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश

हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्य शासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

वीरवार, 16 फरवरी, 2023 / 27 माघ, 1944

हिमाचल प्रदेश सरकार

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION SHIMLA

NOTIFICATION

Dated, the 14th February 2023

No. MCS/Comm/801/Mukhya/22/2023-323.—That aintention to declare ambulance road from Basant Vihar Gate to Basant Vihar Bus Stop *i.e.* R/D 0/0 to 0/180 mtrs. having width of

5.00 mtrs. leading through Kh. No. 666/326 measuring 111 mtrs., Kh. No. 871 measuring 14 mtrs. and Kh. No. 876 measuring 55.30 mtrs. respectively situated at Mohal Kasumpati Jajhot/ Shiv Nagar, Shimla (Rural), Teh. & Distt. Shimla was issued under section 226(2) of HPMC Act, 1994 through a public notice for inviting objection/suggestion from general public on 20-12-2021.

That Sh. Arun Kumar Shitak, President and Sh. Kuldeep Raj Sharma, Secretary of H.P. Secretariat Employees Co-operative, Housing Society Ltd., Basant Vihar, Shimla-9 has opposed to declare the public path leading through aforesaid Khasra Nos. on the grounds that (i) on Kh. No. 666/326 they have constructed the road themselves at the expenses of the Society for connecting the internal parts of the Society (ii) they have applied for lease of land comprising in Kh. No. 871 for which the proclamation has been issued by the Deputy Commissioner, Shimla on 18-08-2005 and the lease case is under consideration at the Govt. level (iii) the District Court and High Court have restrained the outsider from using this road. In addition, it has been stated by them that in case the road passing through Kh. No. 666/326 is declared as public path this will cause threat to the safety and security of senior citizens residing in the vicinity.

That with a view to resolve the issues, the site was got inspected though the Additional Commissioner, Municipal Corporation Shimla in the presence of concerned parties. The Additional Commissioner, Municipal Corporation Shimla in his report has reported that as per record Kh. No. 876 is in the ownership and self-possession of Governor of H.P. and Kh. No. 871 is in the ownership and possession of Govt. of H.P. and H.P.P.W.D. respectively. It has further been reported that the contention of the objectors that the application filed by them for lease of land comprising in Kh. No. 871 is pending consideration does not put any bar upon the prescribed authority to proceed further under section 226 of HPMC Act, 1994, however point of dispute is that of Kh. No. 666/326 only. It has been recommended by the Additional Commissioner, Municipal Corporation Shimla in its report that as per the position on spot and keeping in view the larger public interest it appears reasonable and justified, if the road from Parimahal through Jiwnoo colony is made continuous through BasantVihar passing over Kh. No. 666/326 which will also reduce the response time for the movement of fire tenders, ambulances, water tankers and M.C. garbage vehicles etc.

That the revenue record *vis-a-vis* the location plan of the existing path having width of 5.00 mtrs. from RD 00/180 leading through Kh. No. 666/326, 871 and 876 as placed on record has been perused. In addition the orders dated 12-04-2018 passed by the Trial Court in C.M.A. No. 91-6 of 2016 in Civil Suit No. 70/1 of 2016 as upheld by the Hon'ble High Court *vide* its order dated 24-10-2019 passed in CMPMO No. 64 of 2019 whereby restraining the respondents including Municipal Corporation Shimla for using or interfering in any manner by any such omission or conduct, the peaceful possession of plaintiff over Kh. No. 666/326 besides other Kh. Nos. not involved in the declaration of public path have also been perused. The plea taken by the objectors that their application for lease of land comprising in Kh. No. 871 is under consideration of the Govt. and merely on the basis of proclamation issued by the Deputy Commissioner, Shimla on 18-08-2005 in respect of Kh. No. 871 does not confer any right to the objectors to object passing the public path through this Khasra number. Similarly, the objectors have no right to object the declaration of public path leading through Kh. No. 876 being the land is in the ownership and possession of the Governor, Himachal Pradesh. Moreover, in view of the orders passed by the Trail Court as upheld by the High Court, there is no bar to declare the public path passing through Khasra Nos. 871 and 876.

NOW THEREFORE, the undersigned in exercise of the powers conferred upon me under Section 226(2) of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Corporation Act, 1994, I, Ashish Kohli, H.A.S., Commissioner, Municipal Corporation, Shimla hereby declare ambulance road measuring 9.30 mtrs. having 5 mtrs. width from Basant Vihar Bus Stop to the last boundary of Kh. No. 871

towards Basant Vihar Colony passing over Kh. No. 876 situated at Mohal Kasumpati Jajhot/Shiv Nagar, Shimla (Rural), Teh. & Distt. Shimla in the larger public interest.

By order

Sd/-
Commissioner,
Municipal Corporation, Shimla.

OFFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, SOLAN
BYE-LAWS FOR DOOR TO DOOR GARBAGE COLLECTION & DISPOSAL-2022

NOTIFICATION

Solan, the 14th October, 2022

No. UD-SLN(F)-SS-2021(2)-65/2020.—For regulating The **Door to Door Garbage Collection & its Disposal**, the Municipal Corporation Solan, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 395 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Corporation Act, 1994 (Act No. 12 of 1994) read with the Solid Waste Management Rules 2016 as confirmed by State Government, hereby publish Bye-Laws, namely.—

DOOR-TO-DOOR GARBAGE COLLECTION & DISPOSAL BYE-LAWS, 2022

CHAPTER—I

GENERAL

1. Short title and commencement.—(a) These Bye-Laws may be called The Door-to-Door Garbage Collection and Disposal Bye-Laws, 2022 of Municipal Corporation Solan for Municipal solid waste management & disposal.

(b) These Bye-Laws shall come into force on the date of their adoption and publication in the Rajpatra (e-Gazette) of Himachal Pradesh Government.

(c) These shall apply to entire Solan Municipal Corporation area

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) “**Act**” means the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Corporation Act, 1994;

(b) “**bulk waste generator**” means and includes buildings occupied by the Central Government Departments or undertakings, State Government Departments or undertakings, local bodies, public sector undertakings or private companies, hospitals, nursing homes, schools, colleges, universities, other educational institutions, hostels, hotels, commercial establishments, markets, places of worship, stadia and sports complexes having an average waste generation rate exceeding 100 kg. per day;

(c) "**composting**" means a controlled process involving microbial decomposition of organic matter;

(d) "**disposal**" means the final and safe disposal of post processed residual solid waste and inert street sweepings and silt from surface drains on land as specified in Schedule-I to prevent contamination of ground water, surface water, ambient air and attraction of animals or birds;

(e) "**domestic hazardous waste**" means discarded paint drums, pesticide cans, CFL bulbs, tubelights, expired medicines, broken mercury thermometers, used batteries, used needles and syringes and contaminated gauge, etc. generated at the house hold level;

(f) "**door to door garbage collection**" means collection of solid waste from the door step of households, shops, commercial establishments, vehicle showrooms, offices, institutional or any other non-residential premises and includes collection of such waste from entry gate or a designated location on the ground floor in a housing society, multi storied building or apartments, large residential, commercial or institutional complex or premises.;

(g) "**dry waste**" means waste other than bio-degradable waste and inert street sweepings and includes recyclable and non-recyclable waste, combustible waste and sanitary napkin and diapers,etc;

(h) "**dump sites**" means a land utilised by local body for disposal of solid waste without following the principles of sanitary land filling.;

(i) "**fine/penalty**" means penalty imposed on waste generators or operators of waste processing and disposal facilities under the bye-laws for non-compliance of the directions contained in these bye-laws;

(j) "**municipality**" means the Municipal Corporation/ Municipal Council/ Nagar Panchayat of Himachal Pradesh.

(k) "**non-biodegradable waste**" means any waste that cannot be degraded by micro-organisms into simpler stable compounds;

(l) "**sanitary land filling**" means the final and safe disposal of residual solid waste and inert wastes on land in a facility designed with protective measures against pollution of ground water, surface water and fugitive air dust, wind-blown litter, bad odour, fire hazard, animal menace, bird menace, pests or rodents, green house gas emissions, persistent organic pollutants, slope instability and erosion;

(m) "**sanitary waste**" means wastes comprising of used diapers, sanitary towels or napkins, tampons, condoms, incontinence sheets and any other similar waste;

(n) "**schedule**" means the schedule indicating the rate in respect of sign boards

(o) "**secondary storage**" means the temporary containment of solid waste after collection at secondary waste storage depots or material recovery facility (MRFs) or bins for onward transportation of the waste to the processing or disposal facility;

(p) "**segregation**" means sorting and separate storage of various components of solid waste namely bio-degradable wastes including agriculture and dairy waste, non-biodegradable wastes including recyclable waste, non recyclable combustible waste, sanitary waste and non-recyclable inert waste, domestic hazardous wastes, and construction and demolition wastes;

(q) “**service provider**” means an authority providing public utility services like water, sewerage, electricity, telephone, roads, drainage, etc.;

(r) “**user fee/charge**” means a fee imposed by the local body and any entity mentioned in rule on the waste generator to cover full or part cost of providing solid waste collection, transportation, processing and disposal services;

(s) “**waste picker/waste collector**” means a person or groups of persons informally engaged in collection and recovery of reusable and recyclable solid waste from the source of waste generation the streets, bins, material recovery facilities, processing and waste disposal facilities for sale to recyclers directly or through intermediaries to earn their livelihood.

Words and expressions used herein but not defined, but defined in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, Cess Act, 1977 and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, Himachal Pradesh Municipal Corporation Act, 1994, Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 and Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in the respective Acts, and Rules.

CHAPTER—II

MANAGEMENT OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE

3. Municipal Solid Waste Management.—The Municipal Corporation Solan shall establish an integrated Solid Waste Management (SWM) system with an aim to reduce the amount of waste being disposed, while maximizing resources, recovery and efficiency. The preferred waste management system shall focus on the following points, namely:—

I. Reduction and reuse at source: The most preferred option for Solid Waste Management shall be prevention of waste generation. It will be helpful in reducing the handling, treatment, disposal costs and specially reduce various environmental impacts such as leachate, air emissions, and generation of green house gases.

II. Waste recycling: Recovery of recyclable material resources through a process of segregation, collection, and re-processing to create new products shall be the next preferred alternative.

III. Composting: As far as possible, the organic fraction of waste shall be composted and used to improve soil health and agricultural production adhering to norms.

IV. Waste-to-Energy: Where material recovery from waste is not possible, energy recovery from waste through production of heat, electricity or fuel may be preferred. Bio-methanation, waste incineration, production of Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) and co-processing of the sorted dry rejects from municipal solid waste are to be commonly adopted “Waste to Energy” technologies.

V. Waste disposal: Remaining residual waste, which ideally comprises of inerts, shall be disposed in sanitary landfills constructed in accordance with stipulations of the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016.

VI. The Integrated Solid Waste Management system shall be environment friendly. Waste minimization, waste recycling, waste-to-energy strategies and landfill gas capture and use which

are promoted in the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 shall be adopted for reduction of greenhouse gases.

CHAPTER—III

MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE COLLECTION & TRANSPORTATION

4. Segregation & Primary Storage of Municipal Solid waste.—(a) It will be prime responsibility of every waste generator/citizen to segregate the waste generated by them in three separate streams namely bio-degradable, non-biodegradable and domestic hazardous wastes or otherwise as directed from time to time, in suitable covered bins and hand over segregated wastes to authorised waste pickers or waste collectors designated by Municipal Corporation Solan (SMC) or agency hired by SMC once a day or at the frequency as decided by the SMC on the timing fixed. Every citizen has to pay a fixed monthly rental for the services of door to door garbage collection.

(b) Waste generators shall be encouraged to segregate waste and store at source in three separate colour bins *i.e.* green for biodegradable waste, blue for non-biodegradable, red for domestic hazardous waste.

(c) All institutions with more than 5,000 sqm. area shall, within one year from the date of notification of these bye-laws and in partnership with the Municipal Corporation Solan, ensure segregation of waste at source by the generators, facilitate collection of segregated waste in separate streams, hand over recyclable material to either the authorised waste pickers or the authorised recyclers. The bio-degradable waste shall be processed, treated and disposed off through composting or bio-methanation within the premises as far as possible. The residual waste shall be given to the waste collectors or agency as directed by the Municipal Corporation.

(d) No person shall organise an event or gathering of more than one hundred person at any unlicensed place without intimating the Municipal Corporation, atleast three working days in advance and such person or the organiser of such event shall ensure segregation of waste at source and handing over of segregated waste to waste collector or agency as specified by the Municipal Corporation.

(e) Used sanitary wastes are to be securely wrapped as and when generated in the pouches provided by the manufacturers or brand owners of these products or in a newspaper or suitable bio-degradable wrapping material and place the same in the bin meant for non-biodegradable waste or dry waste.

(f) Every street vendor shall keep suitable containers for storage of waste generated during the course of his activity such as food waste, disposable plates, cups, cans, wrappers, coconut shells, left over food, vegetables, fruits etc., and shall deposit such waste at waste storage depot or container or vehicle as notified by the SMC.

(g) Store separately construction and demolition waste, as and when generated, in owner's own premises and dispose off as per the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.

(h) Bulk waste generators of garden and horticulture waste like park, stadium etc. shall store the waste separately in their premises and dispose off the same as may be prescribed by the Municipal Corporation from time to time.

(i) No untreated bio-medical waste, e-waste, hazardous chemicals and industrial waste shall be mixed with municipal solid waste and such waste generators shall follow the rules separately specified for the purpose.

(j) Every waste generator has to ensure that there is no practice of burning or burying the solid waste generated by him, throwing on streets/open public spaces outside his premises or in the drain or water bodies.

(k) Littering of waste on streets/open space/water bodies/drain shall be fined on the spot. On iterative they will be punishable and can be subjected to legal proceedings as per rule.

(l) Time to time awareness generation campaigns should be organised to motivate people. RWA (Resident Welfare Association), Local NGOs, representative of public associations and elected local member should be involved in the programme to motivate citizens.

5. Primary Collection of Municipal Solid Waste.—(a) Each and every house in the city/town should be approached for the primary collection of waste by means of wheel barrow, push cart, tricycle, small auto tipper depending on the size of road available.

(b) Municipal Corporation have to arrange for daily door to door collection of segregated solid waste from all households including slums and informal settlements, commercial, institutional and other non-residential premises. From multi-storage buildings, large commercial complexes, malls, housing complexes, etc. this may be collected from the entry gate or any other designated location.

(c) Municipal Corporation have to establish a system to recognise organisations of waste pickers or informal waste collectors and promote as well as establish a system for integration of these authorised waste-pickers and waste collectors to facilitate their participation in solid waste management including door to door collection of waste.

(d) Municipal Corporation have to facilitate formation of Self Help Groups, provide identity cards and thereafter encourage integration of informal waste pickers in solid waste management including door to door collection of waste.

(e) Municipal Corporation have to collect separately waste from sweeping ofstreets, lanes and by-lanes daily, or on alternate days or twice a week depending on the density of population, commercial activity and Municipal Corporation local situation.

(f) Municipal Corporation have to collect horticulture, parks and garden waste separately and process in the parks and gardens, as far as possible.

(g) Time for the door to door collection services will be fixed by the Municipal Corporation. Generally timing may be between 6.00 AM to 9.00 AM. For proper waste collection vehicle such as tricycle, auto tipper used for door to door garbage collection should be equipped with alarm with audible decibel fixed as per the rules and timing should be strictly followed by the sanitation workers.

(h) For door to door garbage collection from commercial complex, offices and secondary bins timing may be between 9.00 AM to11.00AM.

(i) Municipal Corporation to collect the plastic waste separately as per Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016.

(j) For proper solid waste management & grievance redress Municipal Corporation should setup small office/centre in each ward of their boundaries or as required according to municipals area..

(k) Under door-to-door services user charge for collection should be formulated on the following criteria.—

Sl.No.	Category of User	User Charge on monthly basis(INR)
1.	House hold (area less than 2000 sq. feet)	50
2.	House hold (area more than 2000 sq. feet)	100
3.	Commercial Complex (Dhaba, sweetshop, coffee houses, provisional stores).	350
4.	Pan Shop	80
5.	Tea Shop	80
6.	Shops (Daily needs, cloths)	100
7.	Vegetables & fruits shops (Wholesale)	1000
8.	Vegetables & fruits shops (Retails)	250
9.	Sweet/snacks shop (Big)	400
10.	Offices (2 rooms)	100
11.	Offices (3—5 rooms)	250
12.	Offices (6—10 rooms)	1000
13.	Offices (11—20 rooms)	2000
14.	Offices (more than 20 rooms)	2000 for 20 rooms+100 per additional room.
15.	Bank Bank Floor Area>1000 sq. feet	500 750
16.	Govt. Schools	100
17.	Private Schools upto 100 students' on producing student's enrolment certificate.	500
18.	Private Schools (more than 100 students)	1500
19.	Bakeries (small)	500
20.	Bakeries (manufacturing units)	1200
21.	PG Hostel/Guest House (upto 10 rooms)	500
22.	PG Hostel/Guest House (11—20 rooms)	1500
23.	PG Hostel/Guest House (21—30 rooms)	2500

24.	PG Hostel/Guest House (more than 30 rooms)	2500 for 30 rooms+500 Per additional room.
25.	Dharamshala	550
26.	Factories (Manufacturing unit) other than notified in any other category.	1500
27.	Workshop (Tyre puncture shop)	100
28.	Workshop (repair shop)	250
29.	Workshop (repair+spare parts shop)	500
30.	Workshop (vehicle show room, repair+spare parts)	750
31.	Vehicle Showroom	600
32.	Workshop (those not touching any NH or SH)	300
33.	Restaurants	1500
34.	Restaurants+Bar	1700
35.	Cinema Hall (Theatre, multiple)	1500
36.	Govt. College	1000
37.	Private College	1500
38.	Hospital/Nursing Home (upto 50 beds)	1500
39.	Hospital/Nursing Home (51-100 beds)	2000
40.	Hospital/Nursing Home (more than 100 beds)	2000+250 per additional bed.
41.	Clinics	150
42.	Clinics with medicines shops	250
43.	Chemist shop	200
44.	Laboratory	200
45.	Banquet Hall/Hotel	2000 & 2000 per trip on demand.
46.	Special Hotels more than 50 Rooms	15000 & 2000 per trip on demand.
47.	Vehicle on demand for Dumper	3000 per trip
48.	Big Malls	2000 per floor
49.	Meat Shops (other than subscribed with chicken waste collection vehicle).	500
50.	Confectionary+Veg.Shop	250

51.	Scrap Dealers	400
52.	Street Vendor	100
53.	Cow dung from cattle at households	350
54.	Salons	750
55.	Big Cloth Shops	1000
56.	Any other establishment(s) not mentioned above	To be decided by ULB

Note.—User charge as prescribed above can be revised by the Municipal Corporation from time to time keeping in view the polluter pays principle to meet the operation and maintenance cost of the services under Solid waste management.

(l) User charge mentioned above for door-to-door services needs to be collected from each and every household & other establishment of all the wards in the municipal boundaries of the SMC. User charge decided above, contact person's name & number needs to be conveyed to general public through different media such as display on the vehicles used for these services, hoardings, pamphlets etc. Also, awareness generation campaigns need to be organised.

(m) No manual loading or unloading of waste in compactor should be practised with open hand or without safety measure as per the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016.

6. Secondary Storage of Municipal Solid Waste.—The SMC by its own or with help of agency hired shall develop storage bins/secondary storage points for the collection of waste generated in the town. It will also be responsible to monitor the condition of these bins, so that no filthy or unhygienic condition develops around. While establishing or monitoring secondary storage bins following precautions needs to be taken care.—

(a) Storage/Secondary storage bins should be designed and developed on the basis of the quantity of waste generated, density of population in the notified municipal boundaries. Minimum distance between two bins should be 500 meters. Established bins must be covered with movable lid and must be approachable /connected with metallic or non-metallic road.

(b) Bins provided by Municipal Corporation or any hired agency should be designed in such a manner so that waste disposed in does not get scattered in open atmosphere and it should be artistic in nature so that it motivates people to dispose their waste in the bins not in open.

(c) Bins placed at designated place by Municipal Corporation or any hired agency should motivate people to practice waste segregation and it should be placed as per Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 having colour coding for different types of waste.

Green.—Biodegradable waste (Food Waste, garden waste)

Blue.—Non-biodegradable waste.\

Red.—Hazardous or toxic waste

(d) Well-designed vehicle like auto Tipper/Compactor should be used for the purpose of transportation of waste and evacuating the bins.

(e) All the co-operative societies, residential welfare associations/ societies, institutional organisation will be responsible to place suitable quantity of bins approved by the Municipal

Corporation on the fixed place in their compound so that waste generated from there can be stored properly and collected from time to time by the municipal vehicle. User charge for the services fixed by the Municipal Corporation should be collected by the authorised person of local body.

(f) It will be prime responsibility of all the waste generators/ citizens to store and sell/hand over the recyclable waste to the Rag pickers/ Kabadiwala or person/Organisation designated by the Municipal Corporation. They have to ensure that no such waste is being disposed on the road/drain/secondary storage bins/open space.

(g) Door to door garbage collection, secondary storage bins, collection & transportation, processing of waste and disposal of waste in sanitary land fill site, all these services will be provided by Municipal Corporation or any hired agency. SMC will charge user fee for all these services and violator will be fined on the spot or can be subjected to legal proceedings as per rules.

(h) Waste from the slaughter house, fish market, fruit & vegetable market is biodegradable in nature, so proper storage facility should be designed so that no health hazard spreads from this & facility for composting should be developed to make use of such waste in generating organic manure from it. For ensuring proper disposal of such waste every generator have to ensure best storage facility and segregation of such waste at source and door to door collection should be practiced to collect 100% of such waste and take to processing plant. On violation, waste generator should be fined on the spot or punished and can be subjected to legal proceedings as per rules.

(i) Municipal Corporation have to establish waste deposition centres for domestic hazardous waste and give direction for waste generators to deposit domestic hazardous wastes at this centre for its safe disposal. Such facility shall be established in such manner that one centre is set up for the area of twenty square kilometres or part thereof and notify the timings of receiving domestic hazardous waste at such centres.

(j) Bio-medical & industrial waste should not be mixed with municipal waste and such waste should be stored and disposed separately as per the rules applicable. For the disposal of bio-medical waste common Bio-medical Waste treatment facility (CBMWTF) should be developed either separately or on the cluster basis. By paying the fixed user fee such waste can be easily disposed off.

(k) Construction and demolition waste should be stored separately as and when generated, in owner's own premises and shall be disposed off as per the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016. The Municipal Corporation shall fix user charge for transportation and disposal of C&D waste and generator should dispose this waste by paying the charge as per the rules and at the designated place. Disposing of such waste in open space, road side, common place will be treated as illegal and fined as per the rules.

(l) Gardening/Horticultural waste should also be stored separately at source. The Municipal Corporation should fix a day or two in week and some place where generator should give their waste and from there it should be transported to disposal site.

(m) Dry leaves, plastic and other such waste should not be burnt in open, doing such activity will be treated as illegal and punishable, violator shall be fined as per the rules.

(n) Stray animals should be restricted from roaming in and around the waste disposal site & secondary storage bins or any public place in the town.

(o) Every citizen, institutions, office buildings, commercial complexes has to ensure that there is no open discharge of grey water, black water or any other such polluted water in drain, open

space or on road which can spread heath is sue, doing such activity will be treated as illegal and punishable as per the rules.

(p) No person should dispose dead animal or any such material in open space, road side, community park or any other place which can spread pollution and health issues, doing such activity will be treated as illegal and punishable as per the rules.

(q) Municipal Corporation have to set up covered secondary storage facility for temporary storage of street sweepings and silt removed from surface drains in cases where direct collection of such waste into transportation vehicle is not convenient. Waste so collected shall be collected and disposed of at regular intervals as decided by the local body.

(r) Municipal Corporation can develop bins free solid waste management facility but for this 100% waste collection from the door step of the generator should be ensured.

7. Secondary Collection & Transportation of Municipal Solid Waste.—(a) Each storage bins/secondary storage bins should be attended daily by the help of auto tipper, tractor, compactor etc.

(b) Closed vehicle should be used for the transportation of waste. To reduce the frequency of loading and unloading of waste compactor should be used.

(c) Municipal Corporation will have to ensure safe storage and transportation of the domestic hazardous waste to the hazardous waste disposal facility.

(d) Transport segregated bio-degradable waste to the processing facilities like compost plant, bio-methanation plant or any such facility. Preference shall be given for onsite processing of such waste.

(e) Transport non-bio-degradable waste to the respective processing facility or material recovery facilities or secondary storage facility. Ensure transportation of construction and demolition waste as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.

CHAPTER—IV

MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE PROCESSING & DISPOSAL

8. Waste Processing Plant.—Municipal Corporation with help of State Pollution Control Board approval needs to develop solid waste management/ processing plant to make use of daily-generated bio-degradable waste so that it can reduce the quantity of waste being disposed at the sanitary landfill site.—

(a) Municipal Corporation have to collect waste from vegetable, fruit, flower, meat, poultry and fish market on day to day basis and promote setting up of decentralised compost plant or bio-methanation plant at suitable locations in the markets or in the vicinity of markets ensuring hygienic conditions.

(b) Involve communities in waste management and promotion of home composting, bio-gas generation, decentralised processing of waste at community level subject to control of odour and maintenance of hygienic conditions around the facility.

(c) For processing of biodegradable waste Municipal Corporation have to establish waste processing plant such as composting plant—windrow compost plant, vermi composting plant, waste to energy or any other such technology by their own or with help of any other licensed company/ firm/ organisation on Build—operate-transfer (BOT)/ object oriented (OO) method.

(d) For processing of mixed recyclable waste Municipal Corporation have to establish recycling unit such as incineration, RDF Plant or other such recycling technology by their own or with help of any other licensed company/ firm/ organisation on Build—operate-transfer (BOT)/ object oriented (OO) method.

(e) The Municipal Corporation may also send the non-biodegradable/dry waste as RDF to nearby cement factories for co-processing.

9. Waste Disposal.—(a) Municipal Corporation have to stop land filling or dumping of mixed waste soon after the timeline for setting up and operationalisation of sanitary landfill is over.

(b) Municipal Corporation have to allow only the non-usable, non-recyclable, non-biodegradable, non-combustible and non-reactive inert waste and pre-processing rejects and residues from waste processing facilities to go to sanitary landfill.

(c) Sites shall meet the specifications as given in Schedule—I of Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016, however, every effort shall be made to recycle or reuse the rejects to achieve the desired objective of zero waste going to landfill.

(d) Municipal Corporation have to investigate and analyse all old open dump sites and existing operational dump sites for their potential of bio-mining and bio-remediation and where so ever feasible, take necessary actions to bio-mine or bio-remediate the sites.

(e) Municipal Corporation has to ensure that in absence of the potential of bio-mining and bio-remediation of dump site, it shall be scientifically capped as per landfill capping norms to prevent further damage to the environment.

CHAPTER—V

MONITORING BY WARD COMMITTEE

10. Constitution of Ward Sanitation Committee.—A Ward Sanitation Committee shall be constituted in each ward of the Municipal Corporation. The Ward Sanitation Committee shall have 11 to 15 members. The members of the WSC would comprise of ward member, sanitary inspector, tax collector or a designated officer by Municipal Corporation for each ward, representatives of Residential Welfare Associations (RWAs) of the ward, representatives from slum sanitation committee, representatives of Community Based Organisations (SHGs, youth club etc.), local leaders, senior citizens etc. The Ward Sanitation Committee shall oversee the sanitation activity in the ward.

CHAPTER—VI

STAKEHOLDER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

11. Responsibilities of various stake holders:

11.1 Responsibilities of Waste Generators.—(a) No waste generator shall throw the waste generated by him on the street, open spaces, drain or water bodies.

(b) No person shall let the dirty water, mud, night soil, cow dung, urine, polluted water from their own house, organisation, commercial establishments to accumulate in their own compound nor let it flow on common streets in a way that the environment gets polluted by foul smell or poses a threat to public health.

(c) To wrap securely used sanitary waste as and when generated in a newspaper or suitable bio-degradable wrapping material and place the same in the domestic bin meant for non-biodegradable waste.

(d) All citizens shall have the responsibility to dispose of the recyclable waste generated in their complexes to the waste pickers authorised by the Municipal Corporation or waste collector or containers of the Municipal Corporation and not put it on the road under any circumstances.

(e) All waste generators shall pay user fees as specified in these bye-laws.

(f) No waste generator shall throw, burn or bury the solid waste generated by him on streets, open public spaces out side his premises or in the drain or water bodies.

(g) No dead animals or their remains to be thrown in any public places or any such place, which create any kind of pollution.

(h) If any person is found violating activities prohibited for doing, fine charges shall be collected from the offender by the Municipal Corporation.

11.2 Responsibility of Ward Sanitation Committee.—(a) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall oversee the sanitation and cleanliness activities in ward.

(b) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall act as a grievances redressal point on sanitation issues at ward level.

(c) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall have the power to impose fine on any offender

(d) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall promote home composting, bio-gas generation, decentralised processing of waste at community level subject to control of odour and maintenance of hygiene around the facility.

(e) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall give warning to any offenders of these bye-laws. After two warning by the Ward Sanitation Committee or the Municipal Corporation, penalty shall be collected from the violator as per the provisions of these bye-laws.

11.3 Responsibility of the Municipal Corporation.—(a) The Municipal Corporation Solan shall within its territorial area, be responsible for ensuring daily and through out the year system of cleaning of all common roads, places, temporary settlements, slums, areas, markets, its own parks, gardens, tourist spots, cemeteries and shall be bound to collect the garbage from the nearest declared storage containers and transport it every day to the final disposal point in closed vehicles for which the municipal authority may engage private parties on contract or Public Private Partnership mode, apart from its own permanent cleaning staff and vehicles.

(b) The Municipal Corporation or the authorized agency engaged by the Municipal Corporation shall provide and maintain suitable community bins on public roads or other public spaces.

(c) The Municipal Corporation for the purpose of managing such sanitation activities in decentralised and regular manner shall designate one ward officer, in every ward to supervise the spots of containers, public toilets, community toilets or urinals in public places, transfer station for public garbage, landfill processing units etc. for final disposal of city's garbage.

(d) The designated ward officer by the Municipal Corporation shall also be a member of the concerned Ward Sanitation Committee which shall act as the first point of grievance redressal on sanitation issues of the concerned ward and meet complaints of citizens on issues of sanitation.

(e) The Municipal Corporation shall facilitate construction, operation, and maintenance of solid waste processing facilities and associated infrastructure on their own or through any agency for optimum utilisation of various components of solid waste adopting suitable technology including the technologies and the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Urban Development from time to time and standards prescribed by the Central or State Pollution Control Board.

(f) The Municipal Corporation shall create awareness through Information, Education and Communication (IEC) campaign and educate the waste generators on minimal generation of waste, not to litter, re-use the waste to the extent possible, practice segregation of wet biodegradable waste, dry recyclable and combustible waste and domestic hazardous waste at source, wrap securely used sanitary waste as and when generated in a newspaper or suitable biodegradable wrapping material and place the same in the domestic bin meant for non-biodegradable waste, storage of segregated waste at source and payment of monthly user fee.

(g) Chemical fertilizers shall be replaced by use of compostinal parks, gardens maintained by the Municipal Corporation and any other places within two years of notification.

(h) Promote recycling initiatives by informal waste recycling sector

(i) The Municipal Corporation shall make efforts to streamline and formalize Solid Waste Management systems and endeavour that the informal sector workers in waste management (rag pickers) are given priority to upgrade their work conditions and are enumerated and integrated into the formal system of Solid Waste Management in cities.

(j) Ensure that the operator of a facility provides personal protection equipment including uniform, fluorescent jacket, hand gloves, raincoats, appropriate foot wear and masks to all workers handling solid waste and the same are used by the workforce.

(k) Ensure occupational safety of the Municipal Corporation own staff and staff of outsource agency involved in collection, transport and handling waste by providing appropriate and adequate personal protective equipments.

(l) In case of an accident at any solid waste processing or treatment or disposal facility or landfill site, the officer-in-charge of the facility shall report to the Commissioner, Municipal Corporation, Solan, immediately who shall review and issue instructions if any, to the in-charge of the facility.

CHAPTER—VII

PROSECUTION & PENALTIES

12. Prosecution.—

I. Prosecution can be made on violation of above said rules Under Municipal Solid Waste Management rules, 2016, Himachal Pradesh Municipal Corporation Act, 1994 and Environmental Protection Act, 1986. Even the prosecution can be made on the official/ workers responsible for implementing so-called services under the above said Bye-Laws if they are not performing their task or delaying their responsibility to implement the services.

II. Whosoever contravenes any of the provision of above said Bye-Laws shall in addition to the penalties already mentioned under any Act/ rules/ laws/ bye-laws for time being in force, would be liable for disconnection of water supply, electricity and other civic amenities and the Commissioner of the Municipal Corporation, Solan may request the competent authorities to withdraw any other services if granted in favour of Institution/ Commercial Establishment/ person committing the offence.

13. Penalties.—

On the violation of above said municipal Bye-Laws fixed penalties are as below:—

Sl.No	Offence	Municipal Council/Nagar Panchayat
1.	Littering by People of residential colony	Rs. 500 per day
2.	Open dumping by shop keepers	Rs. 1000 per day
3.	Littering/open dumping by restaurant owners	Rs. 2000 per day
4.	Littering/open dumping by Hotel Owners	Rs. 2000 per day
5.	Littering/open dumping by Industries	Rs. 5000 per day
6.	Street vendor like fast-food,chat, ice-cream,juice corner etc.	Rs. 250 per day
7.	Open defecation/urination in public place	Rs. 500 per offence committed.
8.	Disposal of dung in open space/public place	Rs. 2000 per day
9.	Disposal of construction & demolition waste in open space/road side/ public place by resident.	Rs. 2000 per day
10.	Littering of waste like dung, construction & demolition waste on road while transporting through private tractor/ vehicle.	Rs. 2000 per day
11.	Disposal of waste water from house in non-authorised place	Rs. 2000 per day
12.	Disposal of sewer in non-authorised place	Rs. 5000 per day
13.	Not keeping of closed dustbins inadequate number & quantity by owners mention from Sl. No. 2—6.	Rs. 5000 per day
14.	Spilling of oil, dust, water & other material by roadside Motor, Bike, Bicycle repair mechanics.	Rs. 1000 per day
15.	Disposal of skin, feather, blood, flesh or any other material of animal(s) by shopkeeper.	Rs. 2000 per day

16.	Littering by pet animals like dogs, cow, etc. on roadside/open space/community place.	Rs. 1000 per day
17.	Littering or disposal of waste in front of Marriage hall, community place, exhibition hall, Mela ground.	Rs. 5000 per day
18.	Encroachment of road by dhabas or any other such shop and disposing of waste on roadside, open space.	Rs.1000perday
19.	Encroachment of Road by fruit, vegetable local vendor and disposing of waste on roadside, open space.	Rs. 250 per day
20.	Encroachment of road by Hair cutting salon and disposing of waste on roadside, open space.	Rs. 250 per day
21.	Encroachment & Disposal of construction & demolition waste in open space/road side/public place by Businessman, shopkeepers.	Rs. 5000 per day
22.	Disposal of waste by private nursing home/ hospital, clinics, dispensaries on roadside, open space.	Rs. 5000 per day
23.	Non-Segregation of waste at source	
i.	Residents	Rs. 250 for first offence and Rs. 500 for second & subsequent offences in a month.
ii.	Shopkeepers	Rs. 500 for first offence and Rs. 1000 for second & subsequent offences in a month.
iii.	Restaurant owners	Rs. 1000 for first offence and Rs. 2000 for second & subsequent offences in a month.
iv.	Hotel Owners	Rs. 1500 for first offence and Rs. 2500 for second & subsequent offences in a month.
v.	Industrial Establishment	Rs. 3000 for first offence and Rs. 5000 for second & subsequent offences in a month.
vi.	Sweets, snacks, fast food, ice-creams, sugarcane & other juice and vegetables vendor carts.	Rs. 250 for first offence and Rs. 500 for second & subsequent offences in a month.

14. Repeal/Contradict.—(a) Once these Bye-Laws come in to force any other rules, Bye-Laws, policy with regard to this matter adopted by Municipal Corporation, Solan will be considered as disaffirm.

(b) Any work done or scheme implemented under any previous rules/Bye-Laws will not be impugned unless until it is just opposite or completely contrary to the action to be taken under the above said Bye-Laws.

*Commissioner,
Municipal Corporation, Solan.*

**OFFICE OF NAGAR PANCHAYAT ANNI, DISTRICT KULLU,
HIMACHAL PRADESH**

NOTIFICATION

Anni, the 2nd February, 2023

No. NP-ANNI-2023-212-13.—Whereas, the Nagar Panchayat Anni has published Drafted (Property Taxation) Bye-Laws—2023 in Rajpatra H.P. (e-Gazette) for inviting public objection, suggestions under Section 65 (2) of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994.

If there is any objection(s) or suggestion(s) with respect to these Bye-Law so drafted, it should be sent in writing to the Secretary Nagar Panchayat Anni, District Kullu, H.P. or President Nagar Panchayat Anni, District Kullu within a period of 15 days from the date of publication of this notice in Rajpatra, Himachal Pradesh.

The objection(s) or suggestion(s) received within the stipulated period will be considered and decided by the Nagar Panchayat Anni, District Kullu, H.P. Now in exercise of the power conferred by Section 65 (1) read with Section 2 (33-a) of the H.P. Municipal Act, 1994 Nagar Panchayat Anni, District Kullu, H.P. has decided to notify Draft (Property Taxation Bye-Laws—2023 for objection & suggestion of general public as follows, namely:—

NAGAR PANCHAYAT ANNI (PROPERTY TAXATION) BYE-LAWS—2023

1. Short title and commencement.—(i) These Bye-Laws may be called the Nagar Panchayat Anni (Property Taxation) Bye-laws, 2023.

(ii) These Bye-Laws shall come into force from the date of their publication in the Rajpatra (e-Gazette) Himachal Pradesh.

2. Definitions.—In these Bye-Laws unless the context otherwise requires:—

(i) 'Act' means the Himachal Pradesh Nagar Panchayat Anni Act, 1994 (Act No. 12 of 1994) read with its amendment carried out *vide* H.P. Nagar Panchayat Anni (Amendment) Act No. 32 of 2011.

- (ii) 'Appellate Authority' means an authority prescribed under Section 132 of the Act.
- (iii) 'Assessment List' means the list of all units of the lands and buildings assessable to property tax under the provisions of the H.P. Nagar Panchayat Anni Act, 1994.
- (iv) 'Assessment year' means the year commencing from the 1st day of April to 31st day of March of succeeding year.
- (v) 'Bye-Laws' means the Nagar Panchayat Anni (Property Taxation) Bye-Laws, 2023 made under the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 and notified in the official gazette.
- (vi) 'Nagar Panchayat' means the Nagar Panchayat Anni
- (vii) 'Section' means a Section of the Act
- (viii) 'Ratable value' as defined in Section 88 of the Act and procedure as prescribed under these Bye-Laws.
- (ix) 'Unit area' means a specific portion of the land and building in use and occupation of the owner (s) or occupier (s) including vacant land and built up portion of the building. This will not include setbacks area of building, agricultural lands and land in notified green belt as notified under the Interim Development Plan of Anni Planning Area.
- (x) 'Unit area' means area of a unit in square meters
- (xi) 'Unit area tax' means property tax on unit (s) of lands & buildings which shall be charged per annum between one per cent to twenty five percent as may be determined on the basis of ratable value of unit (s) buildings by the Nagar Panchayat Anni from time to time. All other words and expressions used herein but not defined shall have the same meaning respectively as assigned to them in the Act.

3. Assessment list what to contain.—The Secretary shall keep a book to be called the "Assessment List" in which the following shall be entered in FORM-A appended to these Bye-Laws:—

- (i) A list of all units of buildings located within the jurisdiction of Nagar Panchayat Anni, distinguishing each, either by name or number and containing such particulars regarding the location or nature of each, which shall be sufficient for identification thereof;
- (ii) The ratable value of each unit of buildings;
- (iii) The name of the person primarily liable for payment of property tax and ratable value as well as property tax demand on his/her building;
- (iv) If any such unit of building is not liable to be assessed to the property tax, the reason for such non-liability; and
- (v) Other details; if any, as the Secretary may from time to time think fit;

Explanation.—(i) for the purpose of clause (b) the ratable value of unit(s) of land will be ratable value of unit (s) of the land and in the case of unit (s) of the building, the ratable value will include the ratable value of the land and the unit (s) of the building erected thereon.

(ii) For the purpose of charging property tax on a unit of land, the unit of land shall be treated as “land” till the completion plan of building is sanctioned by Nagar Panchayat Anni or by other competent authority of the State Government and such construction is put to use on the spot whichever occurs first. Accordingly, property tax shall be continued to be charged on the ratable value of the unit of land till such time treating it as “land”.

4. Form of Assessment list.—The assessment list shall be kept in the FORM-A hereto. The Secretary may order to add, omit, amend or alter any of the columns of the performa of the assessment list as and when required.

5. Procedure where name of person primarily liable for property tax cannot be ascertained.— If the name of the person primarily liable for the payment of property tax in respect of any unit of any land or building cannot be ascertained, it shall be sufficient to designate him in the assessment list, property tax bill and in any notice which may be necessary to serve upon the said person under the Act, as “the holder” or such unit of land or building without further description.

6. Inspection of assessment list.—If assessment list has been completed, the Secretary shall give public notice thereof mentioning therein the place where assessment list or copy thereof may be inspected and every person claiming to be the owner or lessee or occupier of any unit(s) of any land or building included in the assessment list and any authorized agent of such person shall be at liberty to inspect the list and to file written objection within 30 days from the date of publication of such public notice in the local newspaper(s).

7. Register of objections.—The Secretary shall keep a register of objections in which all objections received under sub-section (4) of Section 94 and sub-section (2) of Section 96 shall be entered. The register shall contain:—

- (i) The name or number of the land or building in respect of which objections is received;
- (ii) Name of the person primarily liable for the payment of property tax;
- (iii) Name of the objector;
- (iv) The ratable value finally fixed after enquiry and investigation of the objection by the committee constituted in this behalf;
- (v) The date from which the ratable value finally fixed has to come into force; and
- (vi) Such other details as the Secretary may from time to time think, fit.

8. Amendment of assessment list as per provision of Section 96 and investigation and disposal of objections against such amendment:—(i) When any amendment is proposed to be made under the provisions of Section 96 such amendment will provisionally be made in the assessment list and the notice as required under sub-section (2) of Section 96 shall be served on the person affected by the amendment after affording him the opportunity to file objection, if any, against the proposed amendment within 30 days from the date of receipt of such notice.

(ii) Objections shall be inquired into and investigated by the Committee constituted in this behalf under sub-section 5 of Section 94 of the Act, after affording opportunity of being heard to the objector.

(iii) The assessment list shall be finally amended in accordance with the decisions made by the said Committee.

(iv) If no objection is received or if the same are received but not within the time limit specified in this behalf in the notice, the assessment list shall be finally amended by confirming the provisional amendment made in the assessment list. However, for special reasons to be recorded in writing, the Committee constituted in this behalf may consider objections received after the expiry of the stipulated period.

(v) Property tax on the basis of the amended assessment list shall be due from the date specified in the assessment notice or from the date as may be decided by the Committee constituted in this behalf. Provided that the payment of property tax on the basis of the assessment list, as existing before such an amendment will not be withheld on the ground that some amendment is to be made in the list.

9. Payment of property taxes where to be made.—Every person who is liable of pay any of the property tax shall pay the same at the Head Office of the Corporation or at such other place (s) and time as may be specified by the Secretary. However, the payment of tax shall be made either by cash or cheque or through Bank Draft drawn in favour of the Secretary, Nagar Panchayat Anni, payable at Anni or through RTGS in the Bank Account of Nagar Panchayat Anni declared for the said purpose by the Secretary.

10. Demand or property tax to be raised annually by issuing one single bill for one unit of a property.—(i) Demand of property tax shall be raised annually by issuing a single property tax bill on FORM-B annexed of these bye-laws for each unit of a property. The service of bill shall be effected by hand through special messenger and in case owner or occupier upon whom the bill is to be served is living outside the municipal limits, the bill shall be issued by post under certificate of posting or by registered/speed post. In case the owner or occupier avoids by hand service of the bill, the same shall be effected by affixing the bill in presence of two witnesses on the unit of the property to which the bill relates.

(ii) In case the owner or occupier upon whom the property tax bill has been served, fails to make payment of the property tax within the due date, the property tax shall be recovered by the secretary or by the officer/official authorized by him in this behalf by initiating appropriate process under the provisions of Section 124 of the Act.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall affect the liability of such person to any increased property tax to which he may be assessed on account of the said unit of property owing to a revision of the ratable value.

(iii) The tax for the ensuing year shall be paid either in lump-sum within 30th days at the beginning of the financial year *i.e.* up to 30th April or in two half yearly installments. The first installment to be paid by 30th April and second installment by 30th October every year.

11. Service of property tax bills and demand notices in respect of un-partitioned unit of property.—If an un-partitioned unit of a property is owned by more than one person, service of bill(s) and notice(s) of demand on any one co-owner shall be treated as service on all the owners.

12. Demand and collection.— (i) A register of demand & collection of property tax in FORM-F appended to these Bye-laws shall be maintained showing therein the figures of property tax demand, collection, rebate, remission adjustment, arrears, excess recoveries and such other particulars in relation to each unit of the property. This register will be kept either in the shape of hard copy or in the shape of soft copy or in both as the Secretary may think fit.

(ii) The register may, if, any, the Secretary thinks fit be made in separate parts or volumes for such purposes and with such several designations as the Secretary may determine.

(iii) The separate Register shall be maintained for recording information regarding detail of arrears for the previous years.

13. Circumstances not considered as vacancy of property.—For the purpose of Section 127 and 128 of Himachal Pradesh Nagar Panchayat Anni Act,1994:—

- (i) A unit of building or of a tenement reserved by the owner for his own occupation shall be deemed to be occupied, whether it is actually occupied by the owner or not;
- (ii) Any unit of building or of a tenement used or intended to be used for the purpose of any industry which is seasonal in character shall not be deemed to be vacant merely on an account of its being unoccupied and unproductive of rent during such period or periods of the year in which seasonal operations are normally suspended;—

14. Remission/Refund not claimable unless notice of vacancy is given to the Secretary every year.—When a vacancy continues from one year into the following year, no refund or remission of any property tax shall be claimable from the Corporation on an account of such continued vacancy unless notice thereof is given to the Secretary within 60 days from the commencement of the next financial year.

15. Inspection by Municipal Staff of the vacant unit of the property.—If any owner or occupier does not allow or facilitate the inspection by the authorized Corporation staff of any unit of the property claimed by him to be vacant, the Secretary may refuse to treat such unit of building or tenement, as the case may be, as vacant till the day such inspection is made, and the vacancy of the unit of property is verified.

16. Copies of property tax bill(s).—The Secretary may, on request in writing from the owner of any unit of land or building or any other person primarily liable to pay property tax in respect thereof, give a copy or copies of any bill/bills for any property tax on payment of such fee as may be fixed by the Secretary from time to time.

17. Notice of transfer of title.—The notice regarding transfer of title of any unit of any property required to be given under Section 98 shall be either in FORM-C or in FORM-D annexed to these Bye-Laws, as the case may be, and shall state clearly and correctly all the particulars required in the said Form(s).

18. Property tax to be paid up to date.—No such notice as contained in Bye-Laws 17 above shall be deemed to be validly given unless the property tax due up to the date of transfer of title of the unit of property is paid in full.

19. Filing of return by owner(s)/occupier(s).— The Secretary may require any owner or occupier of a unit of land or building or of any portion thereof to furnish information or a written return in **FORM-E** appended to these Bye-Laws. Every owner or occupier on whom any such requisition is made shall be bound to comply with the same and to give true information or to make a true return to the best of his her knowledge or belief, within a period of thirty days from the service of such requisition upon him/her.

20. Penalty for non-submission of return.—Whosoever omits to comply with any requisition under Bye-Laws 19 of these Bye-Laws or fails to give true information or to make a true

return to the best of his/her knowledge or belief, shall in addition to any penalty under Section 101 of the Act, be precluded from objecting to any assessment made by the Secretary in respect of such unit of the lands or Building of which he/she is the owner or occupier.

21. Inspection of tax record.—Every owner, lessee or occupier of a unit of land and building or authorized agent of any such person may, with the permission in writing of the Secretary or any officer/official authorized by him in this behalf inspect the tax record relating to the unit of the land/building of which is owner, lessee, agent or occupier free of charge during the office hours.

22. Location factor, characteristic and its value.—For the purpose of clause (c) of Section 88 of the Act, the location factor, characteristic and its values shall be as under:—

Zoning of Anni town proposed as follows:—

Zone A.—Includes the buildings situated both side of the national highway 305 of Nagar Panchayat Anni .

Zone B.—Includes the buildings situated both side of the all link roads *i.e* court road, Anni Basta road and road towards ward No. 4 from tehsil office and Teshan Road etc. of Nagar Panchayat Anni .

Zone C.—Includes area other than Zone A and Zone B .

Number of Zones.—The entire old and merged municipal area is proposed to be divided into Three Zones *i.e.* A, B and C Zone as referred above. There are five factors which are relevant for determination of ratable value of lands & buildings. The factor and proposed value of each factor per sq. meter shall be as under:—

(I) Location factor(F-1)

Zone No.	Value per Sq. Mtr.
A	3.0
B	2.0
C	1.5

23. Structural factor, characteristics and its value.—For the purpose of clause (c) of Section 88 of the Act, buildings shall be classified as Pucca, Semi-Pucca and Kutcha in the following manner.—

- (i) For Pucca- buildings, value per Sq.mtr. .. 3.00
- (ii) For Semi-pucca building, value per Sq. mtr. .. 2.00
- (iii) For Kutcha building, value per Sq. mtr. .. 1.00

24. Age factor and age-wise grouping and value of the building .—For the purpose of clause (c) of Section 88 of the Act, all the buildings shall be grouped age-wise having factor value as mentioned against each age group as under:—

Group	Building	Factor Value
A	Before 1947	1.00
B	1947 to 1980	2.00
C	1981 to 2000	3.00
D	2001 and beyond	4.00

25. Occupancy factor, characteristics and its value.— For the purpose of clause (c) of Section 88 of the Act, the occupancy factor and its value shall be as under:—

(i) Value for residential occupancy:

(a) Value for self residential	(b) Value for let out residential
2.00	3.5

(ii) Value per Sq. mtr. for non-residential Occupancy.

A	B	C	D	E
Hotel above built up area of 2000 Sq.mtr., MNC Show Rooms and Restaurants	Hotel having built up area between 1000 to 2000 Sq. mtr. and Show Room above 1000 Sq. mtr.	Other Hotels, Bars, Restaurant, Banks, ATMs, Show Rooms, Call Centre, Marriage Hall, Travel Agency, Mobile Towers, Coaching Center.	Shops, School, Colleges, Educational Institutions, Offices, Hostel, Hospital, Theatre, Clubs, Paying Guest House (PGs), Guest House	Godowns, Dhaba, Stall and Other Types of Properties not covered Under (A to D)
12	10	8	7	4

26. Use factor, characteristic and its value.—For the purpose of clause (c) of Section 88 of the Act, the value of use factor and characteristic of the unit (s) of lands & buildings shall be as under:—

(i) Residential	1.50/-
(ii) Non-Residential	2.50/-

27. Method for calculation of ratable value and rate of property tax on the ratable value of the unit of lands and buildings.—Area (in Sq.mtrs.) of unit multiplied by value of relevant factors of unit area method as mentioned above *vide* Clause 22 to 26 of these Bye-Laws. The figure that will so come out, thereof shall be the net ratable value of unit and property tax shall be charged on that net ratable value at the rate of 15% in Zone B for lands and in the case of buildings as under :—

A-zone	B-zone	C-Zone
(i) For self occupied residential properties measuring 1.0 Sq. mtr. to 100 Sq.mtr. @ 3% P.A. on the ratable Value.	(i) For self occupied residential properties measuring 1.0 Sq. mtr. to 100 Sq. mtrs. @ 2% P.A. on the ratable Value.	(i) For self occupied residential properties measuring 1.0 Sq. mtr. to 100 Sq. mtrs. @ 1.5% P.A. on the ratable Value.
(ii) For self occupied residential properties measuring 101 Sq. mtrs. and above @ 6% P.A. on the ratable Value.	(ii) For self occupied residential properties measuring 101 Sq. mtrs. And. @4% P.A. on the ratable value.	(ii) For self occupied residential properties measuring 101 Sq. mtr. and. @ 3% P.A. on the ratable value.

(iii). For non-residential properties @ 8% P.A. on the ratable value	(iii) For non-residential properties @ 5% P.A. on the ratable value	(iii) For non-residential properties @ 4% P.A. on the ratable value
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28. Penalty.—If a person liable for payment of Property Tax does not pay the same within a period of one month from the service of tax bill, a person shall be liable for payment of interest as per Section 121 of the Act beside initiation of recovery proceeding as per the provisions of the Section 124 of the Act.

29. Repeal and savings.—The scheme, regulation or bye-laws, if any, hereto fore relating to the mode of levy, calculation and assessment of property tax is hereby repealed. Anything done or any action taken under the said scheme, regulation or bye-laws if any shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the provisions of these Bye-Laws.

By order,

Sd/-
Secretary,
Nagar Panchayat Anni.

FORM -A
(See Bye-Law 4)

Nagar Panchayt Anni				
UPN No.	I.D. No.	ZONE		
Unit	Area	Net Ratable Value	Property Tax Percentage	Amount of General Tax
Residential				
Let out Residential				
Commercial				
Plot of land				

DATE OF ASSESSMENT

10124

राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश, 16 फरवरी, 2023 / 27 माघ, 1944

FORM-B
(See Bye-Law 10)
(Tax Department)
 Property Tax Bill
 Nagar Panchayat Anni

Financial Year for the Year _____ Bill No. _____ Dated _____
 Zone _____

Bill(s) Detail

UPN No.	_____
ID No.	_____
Name of Property	_____
Name of Owner/Occupier	_____
Correspondence Address	_____
Due date 15 days from the date of receipt of bill/18 days if by post from the date of dispatch of bill.	

Unit	Area	Net Ratable Value	Property Tax Percentage	Amount of General Tax
Residential				
Let out Residential				
Commercial				
Plot of land				

Detail of demand for Property Tax for the year _____ Period _____

Sl. No.	Description of Tax	Amount
1.	General Tax	
2.	(a) Rebate @ 10% (b) Remission	
3.	Previous Arrear Amount for the period	
4.	Interest Amount	
5.	Previous Credit	
6.	Amount payable on due date	
7.	Amount payable after due date	
8.	Amount still at credit	

Please pay bill before due date to avail 10% rebate.

Bill Prepared By:

Bill Checked By:

Assistant Secretary Tax.

Receipt

UPN No. _____ ID No. _____ Name of Owner/Occupier _____	Bill No. _____ Bill Date _____ Amount before due date _____ Amount after due date _____ Amount Paid _____ Receipt No. _____ Dated _____
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*Cashier,
Nagar Panchayat Anni.*

Terms & conditions

1. The Nagar Panchayat Anni tax counter is open from 10:00 A.M. to 02:00 P.M. on all working days.
2. Cheques should be drawn in favour of Secretary, Nagar Panchayat Anni
3. Out stations cheques should be include the discount charged in such cheques.
4. Rebate @ 10% is given on the taxes claimed for the current year or a bill raised for the first time, if the amount specified in the bill is paid within 15 days from the presentation thereof. Bills sent under postal certificate shall be construed to have been received within three days from the date the posting and accordingly this rebate is given, if payment of the bill is made within 18 days from the date of posting.
5. If the payment of the tax is not made within the financial years in which the bill is issued an interest @ 1% per month shall be payable after one month of the close of the financial year to which the bill relates.
6. The notice of demand/recovery of property tax bill not confer any right on the person paying the tax or anyone else to claim validation of unauthorized construction at a later date and the same is without any prejudice to the rights of the Nagar Panchayat Anni to take any legal action including that of demolition in respect of such unauthorized/ structure.
7. In case any of your payments have not been adjusted please do come with original receipts given by the Nagar Panchayat Anni .
8. Please always mention No./date, name of house and demand No. in all correspondence.
9. It is requested that this bill be presented while tendering payment.

(See Bye-Law 17)

Form of notice of Transfer to be given which has taken place by way of instrument

To

Secretary,
Nagar Panchayat Anni.

I _____ s/o _____
r/o _____ hereby give notice as required by Section 98 of the H.P. Municipal Act, 1994 (Act No. 12 of 1994) of the following transfer of property:—

Description of Property

Name & address of person whose title has been transferred	Name & address of person to whom property title has been transferred	Detail of Property	Area of the Property	Account No./ID No. of old assesses	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6

Date _____

Name of Owner/Occupier _____

Address _____

Mob. No. _____

FORM-D
(See Bye-Law 17)

Form of notice of Transfer to be given which has taken place otherwise than by instrument

To

Secretary,
Nagar Panchayat Anni.

I _____ s/o _____
r/o _____ hereby give notice as required by Section 98 of the H.P. Municipal Act, 1994 (Act No. 12 of 1994) of the following transfer of property:—

Description of Property

Name & address of person whose title has been transferred	Name of legal heir/successor to whom property title has been transferred	Detail of Property	Area of the Property	Account No./ID No. of old assesses	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6

Date _____

Name of Owner/Occupier _____

Address _____

Mob.No. _____

FORM-E (See Bye-Law 19)

Tax liability Form under section 99/101 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994

To

The Secretary,
Nagar Panchayat Anni.

Subject.—Filing of return for assessment of properties for Municipal Taxes

Sir/Madam,

I am submitting the details of property known as I.D. No.
Ward No. Zone as under:—

**SPECIFIC NOTIFICATION
FINANCE DEPARTMENT**

NOTIFICATION

Shimla, the 16th February, 2023

No. Fin-2-C(12)-1/2022(I).—Government of Himachal Pradesh hereby notifies the sale of Himachal Pradesh Government Stock (Securities) of 9-year tenure for an aggregate amount of Rs. **700 crore** (Nominal). The sale will be subject to the terms and conditions spelt out in this notification (called specific Notification) as also the terms and conditions specified in the General Notification No. Fin-2-C(12)-11/2003 dated July 20, 2007 of Government of Himachal Pradesh.

Object of the Loan :

1. (i) The Proceeds of the State Government Securities will be utilized for the development programme of the Government of Himachal Pradesh.
- (ii) Consent of Central Government has been obtained to the floatation of this loan as required by Article 293(3) of the Constitution of India.

Method of Issue :

2. Government Stock will be sold through the Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Office (PDO) Fort, Mumbai-400 001 by auction in the manner as prescribed in paragraph 6.1 of the General Notification No. Fin-2-C(12)-11/2003 dated July 20, 2007 at a coupon rate to be determined by the Reserve Bank of India at the **yield** based auction under multiple price formats.

Allotment to Non-competitive Bidders :

3. The Government Stock up to 10 % of the notified amount of the sale will be allotted to eligible individuals and institutions subject to a maximum limit of 1 % of the notified amount for a single bid as per the Revised Scheme for Non-competitive Bidding Facility in the Auctions of State Government Securities of the General Notification (Annexure-II).

Place and Date of Auction :

4. The auction will be conducted by the Reserve Bank of India, at its Mumbai Office, Fort, Mumbai-400 001 on **February 21, 2023**. Bids for the auction should be submitted in electronic format, on the Reserve Bank of India Core Banking Solution (E-Kuber) system as stated below on **February 21, 2023**.

- (a) The competitive bids shall be submitted electronically on the Reserve Bank of India Core Banking Solution (E-Kuber) system between 10.30 A.M. and 11.30 A.M.
- (b) The non-competitive bids shall be submitted electronically on the Reserve Bank of India Core Banking Solution (E-Kuber) system between 10.30 A.M. and 11.00 A.M.

Result of the Auction :

5. The result of the auction shall be displayed by the Reserve Bank of India on its website on the same day. The payment by successful bidders will be on **February 22, 2023**.

Method of Payment :

6. Successful bidders will make payments on **February 22, 2023** before close of banking hours by means of cash, bankers' cheque/pay order, demand draft payable at Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai/New Delhi or a cheque drawn on their account with Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai (Fort)/New Delhi.

Tenure :

7. The Stock will be of **9**-year tenure. The tenure of the Stock will commence on **February 22, 2023**.

Date of Repayment :

8. The loan will be repaid at par on **February 22, 2032**.

Rate of Interest :

9. The cut-off yield determined at the auction will be the coupon rate percent per annum on the Stock sold at the auction. The interest will be paid on **August 22 and February, 22**.

Eligibility of Securities :

10. The investment in Government Stock will be reckoned as an eligible investment in Government Securities by banks for the purpose of Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR) under section 24 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The stocks will qualify for the ready forward facility.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Himachal Pradesh,

Sd/-
*Secretary to the Government of Himachal Pradesh,
Finance Department.*

**SPECIFIC NOTIFICATION
FINANCE DEPARTMENT**

NOTIFICATION

Shimla, the 16th February, 2023

No. Fin-2-C(12)-1/2022(II).—Government of Himachal Pradesh hereby notifies the sale of Himachal Pradesh Government Stock (Securities) of **15**-year tenure for an aggregate amount of **Rs. 1300 crore** (Nominal). The sale will be subject to the terms and conditions spelt out in this notification (called specific Notification) as also the terms and conditions specified in the General Notification No. Fin-2-C(12)-11/2003 dated July 20, 2007 of Government of Himachal Pradesh.

Object of the Loan :

1. (i) The Proceeds of the State Government Securities will be utilized for the development programme of the Government of Himachal Pradesh.

(ii) Consent of Central Government has been obtained to the floatation of this loan as required by Article 293(3) of the Constitution of India.

Method of Issue :

2. Government Stock will be sold through the Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Office (PDO) Fort, Mumbai- 400 001 by auction in the manner as prescribed in paragraph 6.1 of the General Notification No. Fin-2-C(12)-11/2003 dated July 20, 2007 at a coupon rate to be determined by the Reserve Bank of India at the **yield** based auction under multiple price formats.

Allotment to Non-competitive Bidders :

3. The Government Stock upto 10 % of the notified amount of the sale will be allotted to eligible individuals and institutions subject to a maximum limit of 1 % of the notified amount for a single bid as per the Revised Scheme for Non-competitive Bidding Facility in the Auctions of State Government Securities of the General Notification (Annexure-II).

Place and Date of Auction :

4. The auction will be conducted by the Reserve Bank of India, at its Mumbai Office, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001 on **February 21, 2023** Bids for the auction should be submitted in electronic format, on the Reserve Bank of India Core Banking Solution (E-Kuber) system as stated below on **February 21, 2023**

- (a) The competitive bids shall be submitted electronically on the Reserve Bank of India Core Banking Solution (E-Kuber) system between 10.30 A.M. and 11.30 A.M.
- (b) The non-competitive bids shall be submitted electronically on the Reserve Bank of India Core Banking Solution (E-Kuber) system between 10.30 A.M. and 11.00 A.M.

Result of the Auction :

5. The result of the auction shall be displayed by the Reserve Bank of India on its website on the same day. The payment by successful bidders will be on **February 22, 2023**

Method of Payment :

6. Successful bidders will make payments on **February 22, 2023** before close of banking hours by means of cash, bankers' cheque/pay order, demand draft payable at Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai/New Delhi or a cheque drawn on their account with Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai (Fort)/New Delhi.

Tenure :

7. The Stock will be of **15**-year tenure. The tenure of the Stock will commence on **February 22, 2023**.

Date of Repayment :

8. The loan will be repaid at par on **February 22, 2038**.

Rate of Interest :

9. The cut-off yield determined at the auction will be the coupon rate percent per annum on the Stock sold at the auction. The interest will be paid on **August 22 and February, 22**

Eligibility of Securities :

10. The investment in Government Stock will be reckoned as an eligible investment in Government Securities by banks for the purpose of Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR) under section 24 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The stocks will qualify for the ready forward facility.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Himachal Pradesh,

Sd/-
*Secretary to the Government of Himachal Pradesh,
 Finance Department.*

**In the Court of Executive Magistrate (Surinder Kumar) Bhoranj,
 District Hamirpur (H.P.)**

In the matter of :

1. Neeraj Sharma s/o Devi Dass, Village Bihar, P.O. Mehal, Tehsil Bhoranj, District Hamirpur (H.P.).
2. Meenu d/o Om Parkash, r/o Ward No. 5, Bhaddi road Balachaur, Distt. SBS Nagar, (Punjab) at present w/o Neeraj Sharma .. *Applicants.*

Versus

General Public

Subject.— Notice for Registration of Marriage.

This application filed by the applicant with the prayer that they have solemnised their marriage on dated 26-11-2017 as per the Hindu rites and customs. But their marriage is not rerecorded in the record of Gram Panchayat Mehal. The applicant wants to register their marriage in the record of said Gram Panchayat.

Therefore, the general public is hereby informed through this notice that if any person having any objection regarding this marriage can file the objection personally or in writing before this court on or before 24-02-2023. The objection received after 24-02-2023 will not be entertained and marriage will be registered accordingly.

Issued today on 25-01-2023 under my hand and seal of the court.

Seal.

Sd/-
 (SURINDER KUMAR),
*Executive Magistrate,
 Bhoranj, District Hamirpur (H.P.).*

**In the Court of Dr. Harish Gajju, H.A.S., Marriage Officer-cum-Sub-Divisional Magistrate,
Sujanpur, Distt. Hamirpur (H. P.)**

In the matter of :

1. Raman Kumar aged 32 years s/o Sh. Shakti Chand, r/o Village Bhadola, P.O. Chaort, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.).

2. Jyoti aged 20 years d/o Sh. Mohinder, r/o Ward No. 07, Brahmepuri Mohalla Sujanpur, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.)

. . . *Applicants.*

Versus

General Public

. . . *Respondent.*

Subject.— Notice of the Intended Marriage.

Raman Kumar aged 32 years s/o Sh. Shakti Chand, r/o Village Bhadola, P.O. Chaort, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.) and Jyoti aged 20 years d/o Sh. Mohinder, r/o Ward No. 07, Brahmepuri Mohalla Sujanpur, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.) have filed an application in the court of undersigned under section 5 of Special Marriage Act, 1954 in which they stated that they intend to solemnize their marriage within three calendar months.

Therefore, the general public is hereby informed through this notice that any person who has any objection regarding this marriage can file the objection personally or in writing before this court on or before 25-02-2023. The objections received after 25-02-2023. will not be entertained and marriage will be registered accordingly.

Issued today on 16-01-2023 under my hand and seal of the court.

Seal.

Dr. HARISH GAJJU, H.A.S.,
*Marriage Officer-cum-Sub-Divisional Magistrate,
Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.).*

**In the Court of Dr. Harish Gajju, H.A.S., Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Sujanpur, Distt.
Hamirpur (H. P.)**

Ex-Serviceman Sh. Mehar Chand aged 61 years s/o Late Sh. Lachhmann Singh, r/o Village Bhatera, P.O. Jol Lambri, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.) . . . *Applicant.*

Versus

General Public

. . . *Respondent.*

Issuing order for the publication in H.P. Government Raj Patra regarding the correct name of the spouse of the applicant soldier in where Headquarter record the name of his wife is inadvertently written as Kumari Kamla Devi which is to be rectified in Army record as Kamla Devi.

Ex-Serviceman Sh. Mehar Chand aged 61 years s/o Late Sh. Lachhmann Singh, r/o Village Bhatera, P.O. Jol Lambri, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.) has submitted an application for correction of his wife name as per the contents of applications the applicant has submitted that the correct name of his wife is Kamla Devi instead of Kumari Kamla Devi and her name is written as Kumari Kamla Devi in his Services Records which is to be rectified by his office Headquarter. The applicant is advised to let his name published in the Gazette of Govt. of H.P.

Therefore, the general public is hereby informed through this notice that any person who has any objection regarding this rectification in the name of applicant wife can file the objection personally or in writing before this court on or before 24-02-2023. The objection received after 24-02-2023 will not be entertained.

Issued today on 03-02-2023 under my hand and seal of the court.

Seal.

Sd/-

DR. HARISH GAJJU, H.A.S.
Sub-Divisional Magistrate,
Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.).

ब अदालत तहसीलदार नादौन एवं सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी, नादौन,
तहसील नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर, हि० प्र०

मिसल नम्बर :

आगामी सुनवाई : 25-02-2023

श्री अरुण शर्मा पुत्र श्री तीर्थ राम शर्मा, गांव सधवान, मौजा भूम्पल, तहसील नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर (हि०प्र०)।

बनाम

आम जनता

विषय.—प्रार्थना—पत्र बराए नाम दुरुस्ती बारे।

श्री अरुण शर्मा पुत्र श्री तीर्थ राम शर्मा, गांव सधवान, मौजा भूम्पल, तहसील नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर ने दिनांक 02-07-2022 को इस अदालत में एक प्रार्थना—पत्र प्रस्तुत किया है कि उसके पिता का नाम कागजात माल टीका सधवान, मौजा भूम्पल, तहसील नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर में तीर्थ राम दर्ज है परन्तु अन्य जगह उसके पिता का नाम तीर्थ राज शर्मा दर्ज है। प्रार्थी का कहना है कि यह दोनों नाम उसके पिता के ही हैं। प्रार्थी अब दुरुस्ती करवाकर कागजात माल टीका सधवान, मौजा भूम्पल, तहसील नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर में प्रार्थी के पिता का नाम तीर्थ राम उर्फ तीर्थ राज शर्मा करवाना चाहता है।

अतः इस इश्तहार द्वारा आम जनता को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति को उक्त प्रार्थी के पिता के नाम को दुरुस्त करने बारे कोई उजर एवं एतराज हो तो वह असालतन या वकालतन तारीख पेशी 25-02-2023 को सुबह 11 बजे मुकाम नादौन हाजिर अदालत होकर अपना उजर पेश कर सकता है। तारीख पेशी के बाद किसी किस्म का एतराज काबिले समायत न होगा। तथा प्रार्थी के प्रार्थना—पत्र पर नाम दुरुस्ती बारे आवश्यक आदेश पारित कर दिये जायेंगे।

ये इश्तहार मोहर अदालत व मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज दिनांक 21-01-2023 को जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—
तहसीलदार एवं सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी,
नादौन, जिला हमीरपुर (हि०प्र०)।

ब अदालत श्री सुशील कुमार, सहायक समाहर्ता द्वितीय श्रेणी, (नायब तहसीलदार), कांगू
जिला हमीरपुर (हि०प्र०)

तारीख दायर : 10-10-2022

आगामी तारीख पेशी : 25-02-2023

श्री संजीव कुमार पुत्र मुंशी राम, वासी टीका दंगड़ी, मौजा नौहंगी, उप-तहसील कांगू जिला हमीरपुर (हि०प्र०) वादी।

बनाम

आम जनता

प्रतिवादीगण।

सायल श्री संजीव कुमार पुत्र मुंशी राम, वासी टीका दंगड़ी, मौजा नौहंगी, उप-तहसील कांगू जिला हमीरपुर (हि०प्र०) ने अधोहस्ताक्षरी के कार्यालय में प्रार्थना-पत्र दिया है एवं प्रार्थना की है कि उनका नाम संजीत कुमार पुत्र मुंशी राम है किन्तु राजस्व रिकार्ड टीका दंगड़ी, मौजा नौहंगी, उप-तहसील कांगू जिला हमीरपुर में संजीव कुमार दर्ज है जोकि गलत है। प्रार्थी अपना नाम दुरुस्त करवाकर संजीव कुमार उपनाम संजीत कुमार करवाना चाहता है। प्रार्थी ने आधार कार्ड, राशन कार्ड, शपथ-पत्र व पर्चा जमाबंदी साथ संलग्न की है।

अतः इस इश्तहार के माध्यम से आम जनता को सूचित किया जाता है कि उक्त नाम दुरुस्ती को दर्ज करने बारे कोई उजर/एतराज हो तो वह दिनांक 25-02-2023 को असालतन/वकालतन अधोहस्ताक्षरी के कार्यालय में हाजिर आकर अपना पक्ष रख सकता है। हाजिर न आने की सूरत में आम जनता के विरुद्ध एकतरफा कार्यवाही अमल में लाई जाकर आगामी कार्यवाही अमल में लाई जावेगी।

यह इश्तहार आज दिनांक 27-01-2023 को मेरी मोहर व हस्ताक्षर सहित जारी किया गया।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—
(सुशील कुमार),
सहायक समाहर्ता द्वितीय श्रेणी,
कांगू जिला हमीरपुर (हि० प्र०)।

**In the Court of Sh. Nishant Kumar, HPAS, Sub- Divisional Magistrate, Shimla (Rural),
District Shimla (H.P.)**

1. Sh. Gopal Krishan s/o Sh. Shiv Ram, r/o Shiva Cottage, Near Horticulture Nursery, P.O. Rajhana, Tehsil & District Shimla (H.P.).
2. Smt. Deepa d/o Sh. Narotam Dass, r/o Village Jubadi via Baldeyan, Tehsil & District Shimla (H.P.).

Versus

General Public

Subject.—Registration of Marriage under section 15 of the Special Marriage Act, 1954.

Sh. Gopal Krishan s/o Sh. Shiv Ram, r/o Shiva Cottage, Near Horticulture Nursery, P.O. Rajhana, Tehsil & District Shimla (H.P.) and Smt. Deepa d/o Sh. Narotam Dass, r/o Village Jubadi via Baldeyan, Tehsil & District Shimla (H.P.) at present w/o Sh. Gopal Krishan s/o Sh. Shiv Ram, r/o Shiva Cottage, Near Horticulture Nursery, P.O. Rajhana, Tehsil & District Shimla (H.P.) have filed an application alongwith affidavits in the court of the undersigned stating therein that they have solemnized their marriage on 08-12-1997, and are living together as husband and wife since then, but the marriage has not been found entered in the records of Registrar of Marriages Gram Panchayat concerned/Municipal Corporation Shimla and marriage be registered under the Special Marriage Act, 1954.

Therefore, objections are hereby invited from the general public through this notice, that if anyone has any objection regarding registration of this marriage, they can file their objections personally or in writing before the court of undersigned on or before 21-02-2023 after that no objection shall be entertained and marriage will be registered accordingly.

Issued under my hand and seal of the court today on 20th January, 2023.

Seal.

NISHANT KUMAR (H.P.A.S.),
*Sub-Divisional Magistrate,
Shimla (Rural).*

In the Court of Executive Magistrate, Chopal, District Shimla (H. P.)

Sh. Raju s/o Sh. Sher Singh, r/o Village Kot, P.O. Chambi, Tehsil Chopal, District Shimla (H.P.)

Versus

General Public Tehsil Chopal

Application under section 13 (3) of Birth and Death Registration Act, 1969.

Whereas, Sh. Raju s/o Sh. Sher Singh, r/o Village Kot, P.O. Chambi, Tehsil Chopal, District Shimla (H.P.) has preferred an application to undersigned for registration of name of his/her son/daughter namely Miss Gunjan whose date of birth is 08-01-2009 in the Gram Panchayat Nanhar, Tehsil Chopal, District Shimla (H.P.).

Therefore by this proclamation, the General Public is hereby informed that any person having any objection for entry as to date of birth mentioned above, may submit his/her objection in writing in this court on or before 23-02-2023 failing which no objection will be entertained after expiry of date and will be decided accordingly.

Given under my hand and seal of the court on 23-01-2022.

Seal.

Sd/-

*Executive Magistrate,
Chopal, District Shimla (H.P.).*

In the Court of Executive Magistrate, Chopal, District Shimla (H. P.)

Smt. Kamla Devi d/o Late Sh. Kalu Ram, r/o Village Lihat, P.O. Sari, Tehsil Chopal, District Shimla (H.P.)

Versus
General Public Tehsil Chopal

Application under section 13 (3) of Birth and Death Registration Act, 1969.

Whereas, Smt. Kamla Devi d/o Late Sh. Kalu Ram, r/o Village Lihat, P.O. Sari, Tehsil Chopal, District Shimla (H.P.) has preferred an application to undersigned for registration of her name Smt. Kamla Devi whose date of birth is 31-12-1965 in the Gram Panchayat Sari, Tehsil Chopal, District Shimla (H.P.).

Therefore by this proclamation, the General Public is hereby informed that any person having any objection for entry as to date of birth mentioned above, may submit his/her objection in writing in this court on or before 23-02-2023 failing which no objection will be entertained after expiry of date and will be decided accordingly.

Given under my hand and seal of the court on 23-01-2022.

Seal.

Sd/-

*Executive Magistrate,
Chopal, District Shimla (H.P.).*

**In the Court of Sh. Nishant Kumar, HPAS, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Shimla (Rural),
District Shimla (H.P.)**

1. Sh. Karan Sen s/o Sh. Rajender Sen, r/o Village Maheshu, P.O. Junga, Tehsil Junga, District Shimla (H.P.).

2. Ms. Sakshi Chauhan d/o Sh. Ravinder Chauhan, r/o Madhu Niwas, Near Neeraj Cottage Bhattakuffar, Kamlanagar, Tehsil & District Shimla (H.P.).

Versus

General Public

Subject.—Registration of Marriage under section 8(4) of the Himachal Pradesh Registration of Marriages Act, 1996.

Sh. Karan Sen s/o Sh. Rajender Sen, r/o Village Maheshu, P.O. Junga, Tehsil Junga, District Shimla (H.P.) and Ms. Sakshi Chauhan d/o Sh. Ravinder Chauhan, r/o Madhu Niwas, Near Neeraj Cottage Bhattakuffar, Kamlanagar, Tehsil & District Shimla (H.P.) have filed an application alongwith affidavits in the court of the undersigned stating therein that they have solemnized their marriage on 23-06-2022, but the marriage has not been found entered in the record of concerned Registrar of Marriages Gram Panchayat /Municipal Corporation Shimla, District Shimla.

Therefore, objections are hereby invited from the General Public through this notice, that if anyone has any objection regarding registration of this marriage, they can file their objections personally or in writing before the court of undersigned on or before 23-02-2023 after that no objection shall be entertained and marriage will be registered accordingly.

Issued under my hand and seal of the court today on 24th January, 2023.

Seal.

NISHANT KUMAR (H.P.A.S.),
Sub-Divisional Magistrate,
Shimla (Rural).

**In the Court of Sh. Nishant Kumar, HPAS, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Shimla (Rural),
District Shimla (H.P.)**

1. Sh. Diwakar Sharma s/o Late Sh. Jeet Ram, r/o Village Gech Kohbag, P.O. Kohbag, Sub-Tehsil Dhami, District Shimla (H.P.).

2. Ms. Simran d/o Sh. Janki Ram, r/o Village Sukh Majri, P.O. Pinjore, Tehsil Panchkula, Punjab, India.

Versus

General Public

Subject.—Registration of Marriage under section 8(4) of the Himachal Pradesh Registration of Marriages Act, 1996.

Sh. Diwakar Sharma s/o Late Sh. Jeet Ram, r/o Village Gech Kohbag, P.O. Kohbag, Sub-Tehsil Dhami, District Shimla (H.P.) and Ms. Simran d/o Sh. Janki Ram, r/o Village Sukh Majri, P.O. Pinjore, Tehsil Panchkula, Punjab, India have filed an application alongwith affidavits in the court of the undersigned stating therein that they have solemnized their marriage on 14-07-2020, but the marriage has not been found entered in the record of concerned Registrar of Marriages Gram Panchayat /Municipal Corporation Shimla, District Shimla.

Therefore, objections are hereby invited from the General Public through this notice, that if anyone has any objection regarding registration of this marriage, they can file their objections personally or in writing before the court of undersigned on or before 26-02-2023 after that no objection shall be entertained and marriage will be registered accordingly.

Issued under my hand and seal of the court today on 27th January, 2023.

Seal.

NISHANT KUMAR (H.P.A.S.),
Sub-Divisional Magistrate,
Shimla (Rural).

ब अदालत सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी, कुमारसैन, तहसील कुमारसैन,
जिला शिमला (हि०प्र०)

मिसल नं० : 02 / 2023

तारीख संस्थापन : 23-01-2023

श्री विरेन्द्र सिंह पुत्र स्व० श्री शिव राम पुत्र स्व० कपुरु, निवासी गांव कनरोट, डाकघर हालनीधार,
तहसील कुमारसैन, जिला शिमला (हि०प्र०)

बनाम

आम जनता

प्रत्यार्थी ।

भू-राजस्व अधिनियम, 1954 की धारा-37 के तहत राजस्व कागजात में नाम दुरुस्ती बारे दरख्वास्त।

श्री विरेन्द्र सिंह पुत्र स्व० श्री शिव राम पुत्र स्व० कपुरु, निवासी गांव कनरोट, डाकघर हालनीधार,
तहसील कुमारसैन, जिला शिमला (हि०प्र०) ने अदालत हजा में प्रार्थना-पत्र मय नकल जमाबन्दी साल
2016-2017, प्रतिलिपि आधार कार्ड, नकल परिवार रजिस्टर, स्कूल प्रमाण-पत्र व शपथ-पत्र आदि सहित
गुजार कर निवेदन किया है कि पटवार वृत्त नारकण्डा के राजस्व रिकार्ड में अराजी खाता/खतोनी नं०
25 / 52, कित्ता 39, रकबा तादादी 05-70-08 है० महाल देवी धार में उसका नाम देवोन्द्र सिंह दर्ज है, जबकि
प्रार्थी के मुताबिक उसका नाम प्रस्तुत करवाये गए उक्त दस्तावेजों व शपथ-पत्र के अनुरूप विरेन्द्र सिंह है।
प्रार्थी ने निवेदन किया है कि पटवार वृत्त नारकण्डा के राजस्व कागजात में उसके नाम को दुरुस्त करने के
आदेश पारित किये जावें।

अतः आम जनता को इस इश्तहार के माध्यम से सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि प्रार्थी का नाम राजस्व
अभिलेख में देवोन्द्र सिंह के स्थान पर विरेन्द्र सिंह उर्फ देवोन्द्र सिंह दर्ज कर लिया जावे तो इस बारे किसी
को कोई उजर/एतराज हो तो वह मिति 28-02-2023 को प्रातः 11.00 बजे तक अथवा इस तिथि से पूर्व
किसी कार्य दिवस में असालतन/वकालतन हाजिर आकर अपना एतराज दर्ज करवा सकता है अन्यथा इस
तिथि तक कोई भी एतराज पेश न होने की सूरत में प्रार्थी का नाम कागजात माल में दुरुस्त करने के आदेश
पारित कर दिए जाएंगे।

यह आदेश आज दिनांक 23-01-2023 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर सहित जारी हुए।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित /—
सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी,
तहसील कुमारसैन, जिला शिमला (हि० प्र०)।

सहायक समाहर्ता द्वितीय श्रेणी, सरस्वती नगर, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश

मिसल नं०
20 / 2021

तारीख मरजुआ
21-12-2021

उप-तहसील
सरस्वतीनगर

जिला
शिमला

श्री दलीप सिंह पुत्र स्व0 श्री शंकर, द्वारा मुख्तयारनामा खास श्री विनोद कुमार पुत्र दलीप सिंह, निवासी सैंज, डाकघर पन्द्रानू उप-तहसील सरस्वती नगर, जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0)।

बनाम

श्री मंगत राम पुत्र श्री मंगशरू, निवासी कुना, तहसील त्यूनी, जिला देहरादून उत्तराखण्ड, हाल निवासी अरविन्द मार्ग 47, आर्य नगर देहरादून उत्तराखण्ड।

नोटिस बनाम

आम जनता

दरख्वास्त बराये किये जाने प्रार्थी के हक में कब्जा दुरुस्ती भूमि खाता/खतौनी नम्बर 3 मिन/15, खसरा नम्बरान 18, कित्ता 01, रकबा तादादी 00-07-30 है0, वाका चक सैंज, उप-तहसील सरस्वती नगर, जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0)।

यह दरख्वास्त श्री दलीप सिंह पुत्र स्व0 श्री शंकर, निवासी गांव सैंज, डाकघर पन्द्रानू उप-तहसील सरस्वती नगर, जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0) ने इस कार्यालय में स्वयं प्रस्तुत होकर निवेदन किया है कि प्रार्थी की वाका चक सैंज पटवार वृत्त पन्द्रानू में मलकीयत अराजी खाता खतौनी नम्बर 3 मिन/15, खसरा नम्बर 18, कित्ता 01, रकबा तादादी 00-07-30 है0, चक सैंज में मौका पर सह मालिक व काबिज है किन्तु माल कागजात में फ्रीकेनदोयम का नाम बतौर काबिज उपरोक्त भूमि के माल कागजात में दर्ज चला आ रहा है। प्रार्थी इस अराजी का काश्त व कब्जा बतौर हिस्सादार दुरुस्त/दर्ज करवाना चहता है।

अतः इस अदालती इश्तहार द्वारा सर्वसाधारण को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी भी व्यक्ति को खाता खतौनी नम्बर 03 मिन/15, खसरा नम्बर 18, कित्ता 01, रकबा तादादी 00-07-30 है0, चक सैंज में कब्जा दुरुस्ती करने बारे कोई आपत्ति हो तो वह दिनांक 28-02-2023 को प्रातः 10.00 बजे इस अदालत में असालतन या वकालतन हाजिर आकर उजर/एतराज पेश कर सकते हैं। बाद गुजरने मियाद कोई भी उजर/एतराज काबिले समायत न होगा तथा नियमानुसार वादी का कब्जा दुरुस्ती करने के आदेश पारित किए जाएंगे।

आज दिनांक 30-01-2023 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर एवम् मोहर कार्यालय से जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—
सहायक समाहर्ता द्वितीय श्रेणी,
सरस्वती नगर, जिला शिमला (हि0 प्र0)।

समक्ष श्री कपिल तोमर व अखित्यार सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी, तहसील शिमला ग्रामीण,
जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0)

मुकद्दमा संख्या : 24 / 2022

तारीख मरजुआ : 05-04-2022

तारीख पेशी : 28-02-2023

श्री अलोक पठानिया पुत्र स्व0 श्री अजीत सिंह पठानिया, निवासी आनन्द विला टॉलैंड, जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0)

श्री राम आसना पुत्र श्री राम रेखा, निवासी शर्मा निवास, विजय नगर, टूटू शिमला (हि0प्र0) ..प्रार्थी।

बनाम

1. श्रीमती संतोष पुत्र स्व0 श्री गनेश, निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0),
2. श्री जगदीश कुमार पुत्र स्व0 श्री सुभाष चन्द, निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0),
3. श्री बबलू पुत्र स्व0 श्री सुभाष चन्द, निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0), 4. कुमारी ममता देवी पुत्री स्व0 श्री सुभाष चन्द, निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0), 5. कुमारी दीपा पुत्री स्व0 श्री सुभाष चन्द, निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0), 6. श्रीमती शकुन्तला पत्नी स्व0 श्री सुभाष चन्द, निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0), 7. कुमारी प्रोमिला पुत्री स्व0 श्री शौंकू निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0), 8. कुमारी विद्या पुत्री स्व0 श्री शौंकू निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0), 9. श्रीमती कौशल्या पत्नी स्व0 श्री शौंकू निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0), 10. श्री सुरेन्द्र कुमार पुत्र स्व0 श्री जिपूण, निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0), 11. श्री तारा चन्द पुत्र स्व0 श्री जिपूण, निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0), 12. श्री बलदेव पुत्र स्व0 श्री जिपूण, निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0), 13. कुमारी लीला पुत्री स्व0 श्री जिपूण, निवासी मोहाल जडेच, तहसील व जिला शिमला (हि0प्र0)

...प्रतिवादीगण।

प्रार्थना—पत्र बराये जेर धारा 107 के अन्तर्गत तकसीम हेतु प्रार्थना—पत्र बाबत भूमि मन्दरजा खाता/खतौनी नं0 43/71, किता 21, रकबा तादादी 01-59-28, वाका उप—मोहाल जडेच, तहसील शिमला ग्रामीण, जिला शिमला बारे प्रस्तुत किया है। जिसमें प्रतिवादी नं0 4, 7, 8 की तामील सही पता न होने व प्रतिवादी नं0 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 की तामील बार—बार समन जारी करने के पश्चात् भी नहीं हो पा रही है जिस कारण मामला बाबत तकसीम में अनावश्यक देरी हो रही है।

यह कि श्री अलोक पठानिया पुत्र स्व0 श्री अजीत सिंह पठानिया व श्री राम आसना पुत्र श्री राम रेखा ने इस न्यायालय में प्रार्थना—पत्र बराये जेर धारा 107 के अन्तर्गत निशानदेही हेतु अराजी खाता/खतौनी नं0 43/71, किता 21, रकबा तादादी 01-59-28, वाका उप—मोहाल जडेच, तहसील शिमला ग्रामीण, जिला शिमला बारे प्रस्तुत किया है। जिसमें प्रतिवादी नं0 4, 7, 8 की तामील सही पता न होने व प्रतिवादी नं0 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 किसी को भी उपरोक्त मुकद्दमा बाबत तकसीम बारे कोई उजर व एतराज हो तो स्वयं व लिखित तौर पर दिनांक 28-02-2023 को अपराह्न 2.00 बजे कोर्ट परिसर चक्कर में आकर अपना एतराज पेश करें, अन्यथा एकतरफा कार्यवाही अमल में लाई जाएगी।

आज तारीख 21-01-2023 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत से जारी किया गया।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित/—
सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी,
तहसील शिमला ग्रामीण, जिला शिमला (हि0 प्र0)।

समक्ष राजेन्द्र ठाकुर, सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी, तहसील ददाहू,
जिला सिरमौर (हि0प्र0)

ब मुकद्दमा :

श्री बुध सिंह पुत्र ढेलू, निवासी खाला क्यार, तहसील ददाहू, जिला सिरमौर (हि0प्र0)

बनाम

आम जनता

प्रार्थना—पत्र दुरुस्ती नाम।

श्री बुध सिंह पुत्र ढेलू निवासी खाला क्यार, तहसील ददाहू जिला सिरमौर (हि०प्र०) ने इस अदालत में एक प्रार्थना—पत्र प्रस्तुत किया है कि प्रार्थी का नाम राजस्व रिकार्ड, मौजा खाला क्यार में बुधु दर्ज है जो गलत है जबकि प्रार्थी का नाम आधार कार्ड, परिवार नकल में बुध सिंह दर्ज है जो सही है। जिसकी पुष्टि हेतु प्रार्थी ने अपने आवेदन के साथ व अपना व्यान हल्कीया, प्रतिलिपी आधार कार्ड व परिवार नकल संलग्न किया है जिसकी दुरुस्ती हेतु राजस्व रिकार्ड मौजा खाला क्यार में अपना नाम बुध सिंह दर्ज करवाना चाहता है।

अतः इस नोटिस द्वारा समस्त जनता ग्राम खाला क्यार, हर आम व खास को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी को उक्त नाम की दुरुस्ती राजस्व रिकार्ड में दर्ज करने बारे कोई उजर या एतराज हो तो वह दिनांक 17-02-2023 को या इससे पूर्व असालतन या वकालतन हाजिर होकर अपना एतराज पेश कर सकता है। उसके पश्चात् कोई उजर व एतराज न सुना जाएगा और नियमानुसार प्रार्थना—पत्र का निपटारा कर दिया जाएगा।

आज दिनांक 06-02-2023 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व कार्यालय मोहर द्वारा जारी किया गया।

मोहर।

राजेन्द्र ठाकुर,
सहायक समाहर्ता प्रथम श्रेणी,
तहसील ददाहू जिला सिरमौर (हि०प्र०)।

समक्ष श्री राजेन्द्र ठाकुर, कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, तहसील ददाहू जिला सिरमौर (हि०प्र०)

ब मुकदमा :

श्रीमती सपना पत्नी श्री गोतम, निवासी ददाहू तहसील ददाहू जिला सिरमौर (हि०प्र०)

बनाम

आम जनता

आवेदन—पत्र जेरे धारा 13(3) जन्म एवं मृत्यु रजिस्ट्रीकरण अधिनियम, 1969.

श्रीमती सपना पत्नी श्री गोतम, निवासी ददाहू, तहसील ददाहू, जिला सिरमौर (हि०प्र०) ने इस अदालत में एक दरखास्त गुजारी है, प्रार्थिया ने अपने बेटे का नाम निहाल व जन्म तिथि 25-04-2006 को दर्ज करवाना चाहती है। जिसका रिकार्ड ग्राम पंचायत ददाहू में दर्ज नहीं किया है। जिसकी पुष्टि हेतु प्रार्थी ने आवेदन—पत्र मय हल्कीव्यान, प्रपत्र 10, आधार कार्ड तथा जिला रजिस्ट्रार (जन्म एवं मृत्यु) एवं मुख्य चिकित्सा अधिकारी नाहन, जिला सिरमौर की संस्तुति प्रस्तुत की है। प्रार्थिया अपने बेटे का नाम निहाल व जन्म तिथि 25-04-2006 को ग्राम पंचायत ददाहू के मूल रिकार्ड में दर्ज करवाना चाहती है।

अतः इस नोटिस द्वारा समस्त जनता ग्राम भाटगड व प्रार्थिया के समस्त रिश्तेदारों को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी को उक्त प्रार्थिया के बेटे का नाम निहाल व जन्म तिथि 25-04-2006 को ग्राम पंचायत ददाहू के रिकार्ड में दर्ज करने बारे उजर व एतराज हो तो वह दिनांक 21-02-2023 को असालतन व वकालतन हाजिर होकर अपना एतराज पेश कर सकता/सकती है। उसके उपरान्त कोई उजर व एतराज नहीं सुना जाएगा और नियमानुसार प्रार्थना—पत्र का निपटारा कर दिया जाएगा।

आज दिनांक 06-02-2023 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर एवं कार्यालय की मोहर द्वारा जारी किया गया।

मोहर।

राजेन्द्र ठाकुर,
कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी,
तहसील ददाहू, जिला सिरमौर (हि०प्र०)।

नाम परिवर्तन

मैं, नगीन सिंह पुत्र राजेंद्र सिंह, गांव गुराड़, परगना सामरा, उप-तहसील धरवाला, जिला चम्बा (हि०प्र०) का स्थाई निवासी हूं। मेरा सही नाम नगीन सिंह है। लेकिन गलती से मेरे सर्विस रिकॉर्ड में मेरा नाम नगीन सिंह राणा दर्ज हो गया है, जोकि गलत है मेरा सही नाम नगीन सिंह है। सर्विस रिकॉर्ड में इसे दर्ज किया जाए।

नगीन सिंह,
पुत्र राजेंद्र सिंह,
गांव गुराड़, परगना सामरा,
उप-तहसील धरवाला, जिला चम्बा (हि०प्र०)।

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Madhubala d/o Satish Kumar, r/o Madhu Priya Niwas Dhobi Ghat, Chhota Shimla, Tehsil & District Shimla (H.P.) declare that I have changed my name from Madhubala to Aavya Thakur. All concern may please note.

MADHUBALA
d/o Satish Kumar,
r/o Madhu Priya Niwas Dhobi Ghat, Chhota Shimla,
Tehsil & District Shimla (H.P.).

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Smile Thakur s/o Surjeet Kumar, resident of Ward No. 7, Village, Post Office & Tehsil Dehra, District Kangra (H.P.) declare that my old name is Smile while my surname is Thakur, hence I shall be known as Smile Thakur. Note related.

SMILE THAKUR
s/o Surjeet Kumar,
resident of Ward No. 7,
Village, Post Office & Tehsil Dehra,
District Kangra (H.P.).

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Nisha d/o Hans Raj, r/o Village Chhuhra, P.O. Tihra, Sub-Tehsil Tihra, District Mandi (H.P.) have changed my name from Nisha Thakur to Nisha. Concerned please note.

NISHA
*d/o Hans Raj,
r/o Village Chhuhra, P.O. Tihra,
Sub-Tehsil Tihra, District Mandi (H.P.).*

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Kritika Devi d/o Pratap Singh, r/o Attar Niwas, Panthaghati, Shimla, H.P.-171009 affirm and declare that my mother's name was recorded as Kanta Thakur in my 12th and in my B.Sc. (Microbiology) certificates which is incorrect. Correct name to be entered as Nago Devi in my both certificates.

KRITIKA DEVI
*d/o Pratap Singh,
r/o Attar Niwas, Panthaghati,
Shimla, H.P.-171009.*

